

In accordance with ISO 14025

• Sodium Bicarbonate

from
kazan • soda
PART OF THE we • soda GROUP

Environmental Product Declaration

Programme
The International EPD® System

Geographical Scope
Global

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• Programme Information

- **Programme:** The International EPD® System
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- **Product category rules (PCR):**
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- **PCR review was conducted by:**
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- Independent third-party verification of the declaration and data, according to ISO 14025:2006:

<input type="checkbox"/> EPD process verification	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> EPD verification
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- **Third party verifier**
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Approved by The International EPD® System Technical Committee, supported by the Secretariat

- Procedure for follow-up of data during EPD validity involves third party verifier:

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EPDs within the same product category but from different programmes may not be comparable.*

LCA Study & EPD Design Conducted by

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• Company Information

Kazan Soda was established in Ankara in 2011 with the aim of extracting and operating the trona mineral reserves and bringing them into the economy. Kazan Soda is one of the facilities in Turkey of WE Soda Ltd., which is part of Ciner Group, and is the largest natural soda ash and sodium bicarbonate producer in Europe. Kazan Soda uses the solution mining technique, which is an environmentally friendly and innovative method for the extraction of trona ore.

Kazan Soda, which started its commercial operation in 2018, has become a facility that produces and sells ~3 million tons of soda ash and sodium bicarbonate. Kazan Soda, one of Turkey's largest chemical exporters, meets the needs of many industries, from glass production to baking powder; With its global integrated production and supply chain network, it exports its products all over the world, especially to Europe. The electricity and steam energy needed for production are produced in the natural gas cogeneration power plant within the factory, with the remaining 2.3 billion kWh of electricity being sent to the Ankara community every year.



• Product Information

Sodium Bicarbonate also known as Sodium Hydrogen Carbonate is a chemical substance white in colour and its aqueous solution is clear and colorless (chemical formula NaHCO_3). Like Soda Ash, Sodium Bicarbonate is a safe inorganic compound that is chemically closely related to Soda Ash.

The main uses of Sodium Bicarbonate are as a raising agent in food manufacture, as an ingredient in pharmaceutical healthcare and animal feed products, and in waste water treatment. More recently, Sodium Bicarbonate is increasingly being used in new environmental applications, including the desulphurisation or “scrubbing” of flue gas emissions, particularly in the shipping industry.

Sodium Bicarbonate is classified under CPC Group: 342 - Basic inorganic chemicals n.e.c., Class: 3424 - Phosphates of triammonium; salts and peroxy salts of inorganic acids and metals n.e.c., 34240 Sodium bicarbonate.

Eco-labelling, e.g. ISO Type I is not available for the product.

Areas of Usage:

Food Grade Sodium Bicarbonate:

- Baking powder
- Cake, donut, pancake and cookie additive
- Drinks
- Tooth paste

Feed Grade Sodium Bicarbonate:

- Dairy farming
- Poultry raising
- Pig farming

Technical Grade Sodium Bicarbonate:

- Chemical industry
- Cleaners
- Powder fire extinguishers
- Paper production
- Leather industry
- Waste gas desulphurization
- Textile industry
- Water and waste water treatment

Almost 70% of the product soda ash is exported in bulk, also both products are exported in 25 kg small bags and 1.25 tonne big bags can be exported.



*Container loaded with
1.25 tonne XL Big Bags*



*Palletised 25 kg small bags
for container shipment*



Products exported in bulk

Where is Natural Soda Ash (Trona Ore) found?



Natural Soda Ash has been found in lake brines or naturally occurring mineral deposits. Trona (a mix of water, sodium bicarbonate, sodium carbonate and sometimes sodium chloride or salt) is the most common and richest source of naturally occurring Soda Ash.

While Trona occurs naturally in a few locations worldwide, the largest and purest deposits are found near Green River, Wyoming, USA and near Ankara, Turkey. To date, these are the only commercially exploitable deposits that have been discovered globally.

• LCA Information

• Upstream module (from cradle-to-gate):

The scope of the upstream processes is defined as production of the inputs to the core processes and activities which the manufacturing organization is not in control of over the supply chain.

The following attributional processes are part of the product system and classified as upstream processes:

- The manufacturing of the chemicals: quicklime, caustic and anti-foam
- The production processes of energy wares used in the extraction and refinement
- The manufacturing of the primary and secondary packaging

• Core module, manufacturing processes (from gate-to-gate):

The scope of the core module is defined by the organizational boundaries and includes all activities which the manufacturing organization is in control of. In this LCA Study the core process includes, impacts generated by natural gas burned in the core process, impacts due to the electricity production according the country energy mix.

Production of trona solution also operated by Kazan Soda and considered under core processes. Energy consumption during the trona solution delivery to the manufacturing plant has been included into core processes.

The core processes include:

- Trona solution mining
- Manufacturing of the final product
- Impacts due to the consumption of electricity, coal and water
- Impacts due to the production of electricity and steam in the core module
- Transportation of chemicals, coal and packaging materials

The core processes do not include:

- Manufacturing of production equipment, buildings, and other capital goods,
- Business travel of personnel,
- Travel to and from work by personnel,
- Research and development activities,
- Scraps coming from demolition of building or other infrastructures.

• Downstream module (from gate-to-grave):

The transportation of the product to the customer has been calculated, taking into account the actual transportation distances and types. It has been calculated by including bulk, bigbag, and smallbag packaging.

End of life treatment of product packaging; For product packaging, end-of-life stage scenario has been created. The weights of bigbag, smallbag, and pallet products have been determined based on sales volume and the calculation has been made assuming that packaging products went to a 100 km disposal facility.

For bigbag and small bag products, EPA's "Plastic Containers and Packaging" material has been used and recycling, incineration and landfill rates have been calculated for the bigbag and small bag products. It has been accepted that the pallet is 100% recyclable.

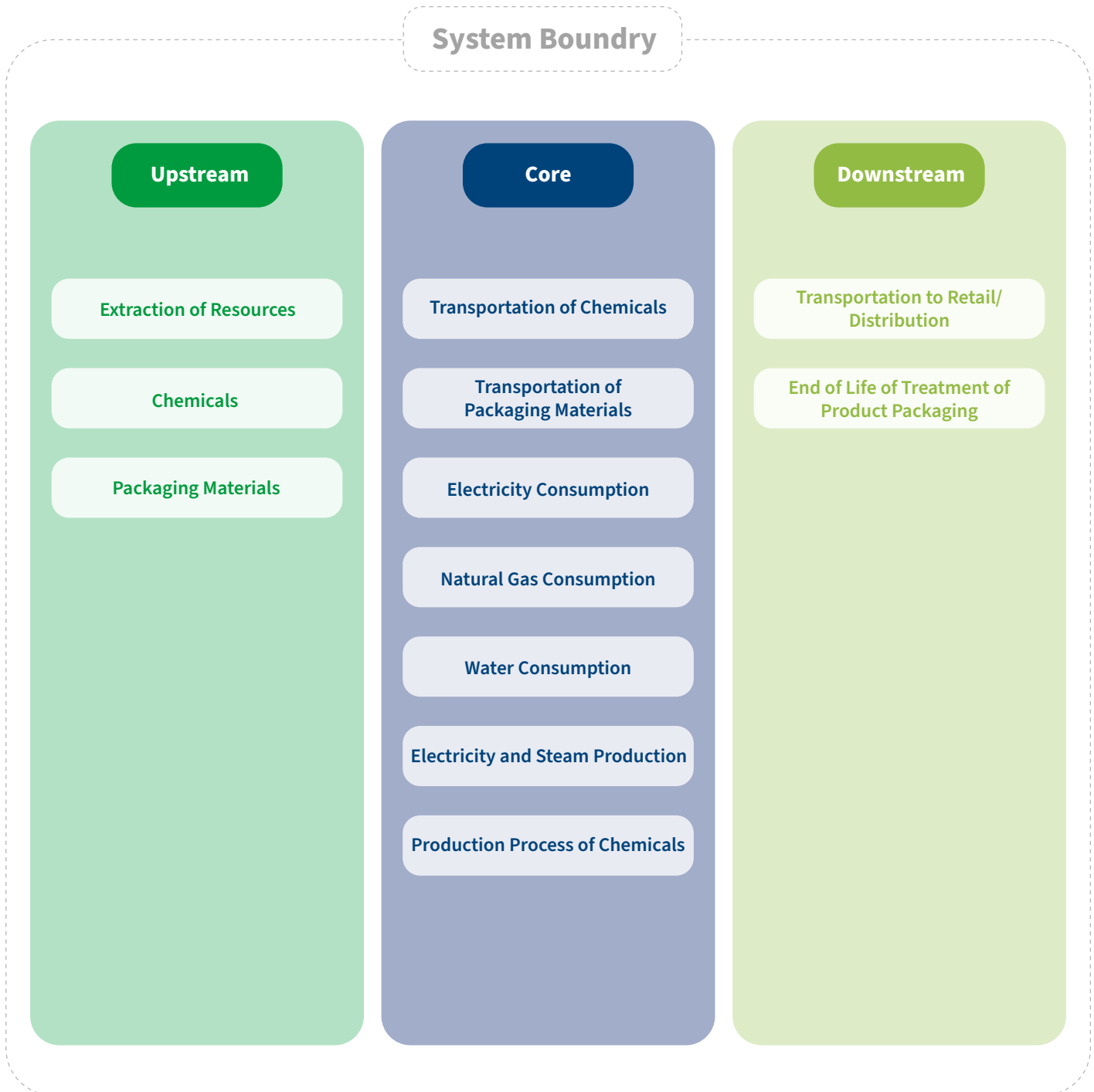
Excluded Downstream Process:

End-of-life of the chemical product and use phase are excluded. Sodium Carbonate (Natural Soda Ash) and Sodium Bicarbonate have many different applications and are often used as input materials to other production processes. It is difficult to allocate an environmental burden from the use phase to the chemical input.

Also, the end-of-life management depends on the application and location of the use and disposal of the chemical. No relevant data is available for the use and end of life phases of the products manufactured by Kazan Soda.

Declared Unit	The declared unit is 1 kg sodium bicarbonate and its packaging.
EPD Type (System Boundary)	Cradle to grave
Data Collection	<p>Upstream data, raw materials production, transportation, and electricity mix data have been obtained from Ecoinvent v3.9.1 as secondary data. All manufacturing data in core processes have been gathered from Kazan Soda production plant. The manufacturing data are monitored and recorded in Kazan Soda data collection system(SAP). The production data in this LCA study represents the period from 1st January 2022 to 31th December 2022.</p> <p>A third-party verification has been proceeded for all manufacturing data, electricity, water and natural gas consumption according to ISO 14064-1:2018.</p>
Allocation	<p>During manufacturing, calcium carbonate, deka purge and salt are produced as by-product. Therefore, calcium carbonate, deka purge and salt have been excluded from system boundaries, and mass allocation is proceeded.</p> <p>An Alternative Generation Method has been conducted for cogeneration plant and environmental indicator (global warming potentials) has been allocated for 1 kWh electricity and 1 kWh steam.</p>
Calculation Methods	<p>All resource use values are calculated from Cumulative Energy Demand V1.11; net use of fresh water has been calculated from SimaPro Inventory result outputs.</p> <p>Potential environmental impacts are calculated with the CML-IA baseline V 3.06, ReCiPe 2016 Midpoint (H) v 1.04, Formation potential of tropospheric ozone (POCP) from LOTOS-EUROS as applied in ReCiPe Midpoint (H) v 1.13, 2008, IPCC 2013 GWP 100a V1.03 for GWP, USEtox 2 (recommended + interim) v.1.0 methods in SimaPro software.</p>
Cut-off Rules	Life Cycle Inventory data for a minimum of 99 % of total inflows to the three life cycle stages have been included and a cut-off rule of 1% regarding energy, mass and environmental relevance was applied.

• System Diagram



• Content Declaration

• Content Declaration of Sodium Bicarbonate

Product	Brine solution, weight-%	Quicklime, weight-%	Caustic, weight-%	Antifoam, weight-%
Sodium Bicarbonate	>99%	0.1%-0.5%	0.1%-0.5%	<0.5%

• Content Declaration of Packaging Materials

Product	Weight, kg	Weight, %	Biogenic carbon, kg
Bigbag	1.55E-04	-	-
Small bag	3.85E-04	-	-
Wooden Pallet (p)	8.00E-05	-	-

Information about Packaging

Distribution Packaging; for the purposes of transport, handling and/or distribution.

The distribution packaging is:

- Small bags (25kg) packaging
- Bigbags (1250kg) packaging
- Wooden pallets for handling of packaged products.

• Environmental Indicators for Sodium Bicarbonate

• Potential Environmental Impact

Parameter		UNIT	Upstream	Core		Total	Down-stream	TOTAL
			Raw Material Supply	Transportation	Production		Transportation	
Global warming potential (GWP)	Fossil	kg CO ₂ eq.	2.03E-03	2.17E-09	4.42E-02	4.62E-02	0.27	0.32
	Biogenic	kg CO ₂ eq.	8.85E-06	5.62E-12	6.51E-05	7.39E-05	1.85E-04	2.59E-04
	Land use and land transformation	kg CO ₂ eq.	2.08E-06	1.05E-12	4.90E-05	5.11E-05	1.77E-04	2.28E-04
	TOTAL	kg CO ₂ eq.	2.04E-03	2.18E-09	4.43E-02	4.63E-02	0.27	0.32
Acidification potential (AP)		kg mol H ⁺ eq.	6.00E-10	4.61E-17	1.46E-09	2.06E-09	4.80E-09	6.86E-09
Eutrophication potential (EP)	Aquatic freshwater	kg P eq.	6.93E-06	4.63E-12	6.91E-05	7.60E-05	5.08E-03	5.16E-03
	Aquatic marine	kg N eq.	6.06E-08	1.72E-14	5.62E-07	6.23E-07	1.51E-06	2.13E-06
	Aquatic terrestrial	mol N eq.	1.33E-06	1.14E-12	1.75E-05	1.89E-05	1.27E-03	1.29E-03
Photochemical oxidant creation potential (POCP)		kg NMVOC eq.	1.48E-05	1.19E-11	1.93E-04	2.08E-04	1.40E-02	1.43E-02
Ozone layer depletion (ODP)		kg CFC 11 eq.	4.83E-06	7.19E-12	9.60E-05	1.01E-04	4.02E-03	4.12E-03
Abiotic depletion potential (ADP)	Metals and minerals	kg Sb eq.	9.62E-09	6.93E-15	1.81E-08	2.77E-08	3.6	3.6
	Fossil resources	MJ, net calorific value	1.75E-02	3.01E-08	0.61	0.62	3.6	4.2
Water deprivation potential (WDP)		m ³ world eq.	1.00E-03	1.26E-10	1.64E-02	1.74E-02	0.01	0.03

• Use of Resources

Parameter		UNIT	Upstream	Core		Total	Down-stream	TOTAL
			Raw Material Supply	Transportation	Production		Transportation	
Primary energy resources – Renewable	Use as energy carrier	MJ, net calorific value	1.83E-03	4.73E-10	1.47E-02	1.66E-02	3.71E-02	5.36E-02
	Used as raw materials	MJ, net calorific value	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	MJ, net calorific value	1.83E-03	4.73E-10	1.47E-02	1.66E-02	3.71E-02	5.36E-02
Primary energy resources – Non-renewable	Use as energy carrier	MJ, net calorific value	1.86E-02	3.20E-08	0.67	0.69	3.8	4.5
	Used as raw materials	MJ, net calorific value	0	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	MJ, net calorific value	1.86E-02	3.20E-08	0.67	0.69	3.8	4.5
Secondary material		kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
Renewable secondary fuels		MJ, net calorific value	0	0	0	0	0	0
Non-renewable secondary fuels		MJ, net calorific value	0	0	0	0	0	0
Net use of fresh water		m³	1.26E-04	2.72E-11	5.79E-03	5.91E-03	2.43E-03	8.34E-03

• Waste Production

Parameter	UNIT	Up-stream	Core		Total	Down-stream	TOTAL
		Raw Material Supply	Transportation	Production		Transportation	
Hazardous waste disposed	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
Radioactive waste disposed	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0

• Output Flows

Parameter	UNIT	Up-stream	Core		Total	Down-stream	TOTAL
		Raw Material Supply	Transportation	Production		Transportation	
Components for reuse	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
Material for recycling	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
Materials for energy recovery	kg	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported energy, electricity	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0
Exported energy, thermal	MJ	0	0	0	0	0	0

• Environmental Indicators for Sodium Bicarbonate-Only Packaging Materials-Bigbag

• Potential Environmental Impact

Parameter		UNIT	Upstream	Core	Total	Down-stream	TOTAL
						End of Life	
Global warming potential (GWP)	Fossil	kg CO ₂ eq.	4.66E-04	1.72E-05	4.83E-04	1.60E-04	6.44E-04
	Biogenic	kg CO ₂ eq.	-5.57E-06	4.45E-08	-5.53E-06	5.16E-08	-5.48E-06
	Land use and land transformation	kg CO ₂ eq.	4.14E-07	8.35E-09	4.23E-07	7.02E-09	4.30E-07
	TOTAL	kg CO ₂ eq.	4.61E-04	1.73E-05	4.78E-04	6.96E-08	4.78E-04
Acidification potential (AP)		kg mol H ⁺ eq.	3.01E-12	3.65E-13	3.37E-12	1.37E-10	1.41E-10
Eutrophication potential (EP)	Aquatic freshwater	kg P eq.	1.93E-06	3.67E-08	1.97E-06	3.19E-08	2.00E-06
	Aquatic marine	kg N eq.	1.47E-08	1.36E-10	1.48E-08	2.89E-07	3.04E-07
	Aquatic terrestrial	mol N eq.	3.60E-07	9.02E-09	3.69E-07	9.90E-08	4.68E-07
Photochemical oxidant creation potential (POCP)		kg NMVOC eq.	3.99E-06	9.40E-08	4.08E-06	3.66E-13	4.08E-06
Ozone layer depletion (ODP)		kg CFC 11 eq.	1.92E-06	5.69E-08	1.98E-06	4.87E-11	1.98E-06
Abiotic depletion potential (ADP)	Metals and minerals	kg Sb eq.	1.61E-09	5.48E-11	1.67E-09	1.72E-04	1.72E-04
	Fossil resources	MJ, net calorific value	1.31E-02	2.38E-04	1.33E-02	7.08E-06	1.33E-02
Water deprivation potential (WDP)		m ³ world eq.	1.84E-04	9.96E-07	1.85E-04	1.78E-04	3.63E-04

• Use of Resources

Parameter		UNIT	Upstream	Core	Total	Down-stream	TOTAL
						End of Life	
Primary energy resources – Renewable	Use as energy carrier	MJ, net calorific value	5.67E-04	3.74E-06	5.71E-04	4.13E-06	5.75E-04
	Used as raw materials	MJ, net calorific value	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	MJ, net calorific value	5.67E-04	3.74E-06	5.71E-04	4.13E-06	5.75E-04
Primary energy resources – Non-renewable	Use as energy carrier	MJ, net calorific value	1.40E-02	2.53E-04	1.43E-02	1.84E-04	1.45E-02
	Used as raw materials	MJ, net calorific value	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	MJ, net calorific value	1.40E-02	2.53E-04	1.43E-02	1.84E-04	1.45E-02
Secondary material		kg	0	0	0	0	0
Renewable secondary fuels		MJ, net calorific value	0	0	0	0	0
Non-renewable secondary fuels		MJ, net calorific value	0	0	0	0	0
Net use of fresh water		m³	3.42E-05	2.15E-07	3.44E-05	4.81E-07	3.49E-05

• Waste Production

Parameter	UNIT	Up-stream	Core	Downstream
				End of Life
Hazardous waste disposed	kg	0	0	0
Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	0	0	1.08E-04
Radioactive waste disposed	kg	0	0	0

• Output Flows

Parameter	UNIT	Up-stream	Core	Downstream
				End of Life
Components for reuse	kg	0	0	0
Material for recycling	kg	0	0	2.11E-05
Materials for energy recovery	kg	0	0	2.62E-05
Exported energy, electricity	MJ	0	0	0
Exported energy, thermal	MJ	0	0	0

• Environmental Indicators for Sodium Bicarbonate-Only Packaging Materials

-Small bag

• Potential Environmental Impact

Parameter		UNIT	Upstream	Core	Total	Down-stream End of Life	TOTAL
Global warming potential (GWP)	Fossil	kg CO ₂ eq.	1.16E-03	4.38E-07	1.16E-03	4.00E-04	1.56E-03
	Biogenic	kg CO ₂ eq.	-1.39E-05	1.13E-09	-1.39E-05	1.28E-07	-1.37E-05
	Land use and land transformation	kg CO ₂ eq.	1.03E-06	2.12E-10	1.03E-06	1.73E-08	1.05E-06
	TOTAL	kg CO ₂ eq.	1.15E-03	4.39E-07	1.15E-03	1.73E-07	1.15E-03
Acidification potential (AP)		kg mol H ⁺ eq.	7.47E-12	9.28E-15	7.48E-12	3.40E-10	3.47E-10
Eutrophication potential (EP)	Aquatic freshwater	kg P eq.	4.80E-06	9.33E-10	4.80E-06	7.96E-08	4.88E-06
	Aquatic marine	kg N eq.	3.65E-08	3.47E-12	3.65E-08	7.21E-07	7.57E-07
	Aquatic terrestrial	mol N eq.	8.94E-07	2.30E-10	8.94E-07	2.46E-07	1.14E-06
Photochemical oxidant creation potential (POCP)		kg NMVOC eq.	9.90E-06	2.39E-09	9.91E-06	9.07E-13	9.91E-06
Ozone layer depletion (ODP)		kg CFC 11 eq.	4.77E-06	1.45E-09	4.77E-06	1.20E-10	4.77E-06
Abiotic depletion potential (ADP)	Metals and minerals	kg Sb eq.	4.01E-09	1.39E-12	4.01E-09	4.25E-04	4.25E-04
	Fossil resources	MJ, net calorific value	3.25E-02	6.06E-06	3.25E-02	1.77E-05	3.25E-02
Water deprivation potential (WDP)		m ³ world eq.	4.57E-04	2.53E-08	4.57E-04	4.40E-04	8.97E-04

• Use of Resources

Parameter		UNIT	Upstream	Core	Total	Down-stream	TOTAL
						End of Life	
Primary energy resources – Renewable	Use as energy carrier	MJ, net calorific value	1.41E-03	9.53E-08	1.41E-03	1.02E-05	1.42E-03
	Used as raw materials	MJ, net calorific value	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	MJ, net calorific value	1.41E-03	9.53E-08	1.41E-03	1.02E-05	1.42E-03
Primary energy resources – Non-renewable	Use as energy carrier	MJ, net calorific value	3.48E-02	6.44E-06	3.48E-02	4.53E-04	3.53E-02
	Used as raw materials	MJ, net calorific value	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	MJ, net calorific value	3.48E-02	6.44E-06	3.48E-02	4.53E-04	3.53E-02
Secondary material		kg	0	0	0	0	0
Renewable secondary fuels		MJ, net calorific value	0	0	0	0	0
Non-renewable secondary fuels		MJ, net calorific value	0	0	0	0	0
Net use of fresh water		m³	8.49E-05	5.47E-09	8.49E-05	1.20E-06	8.61E-05

• Waste Production

Parameter	UNIT	Up-stream	Core	Downstream
				End of Life
Hazardous waste disposed	kg	0	0	0
Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	0	0	2.67E-04
Radioactive waste disposed	kg	0	0	0

• Output Flows

Parameter	UNIT	Up-stream	Core	Downstream
				End of Life
Components for reuse	kg	0	0	0
Material for recycling	kg	0	0	5.24E-05
Materials for energy recovery	kg	0	0	6.52E-05
Exported energy, electricity	MJ	0	0	0
Exported energy, thermal	MJ	0	0	0

• Environmental Indicators for Sodium Bicarbonate-Only Packaging Materials -Pallet

• Potential Environmental Impact

Parameter		UNIT	Upstream	Core	Total	Down-stream	TOTAL
						End of Life	
Global warming potential (GWP)	Fossil	kg CO ₂ eq.	4.39E-04	1.76E-04	6.16E-04	1.27E-04	7.42E-04
	Biogenic	kg CO ₂ eq.	-3.47E-03	4.56E-07	-3.47E-03	4.15E-07	-3.47E-03
	Land use and land transformation	kg CO ₂ eq.	2.68E-06	8.56E-08	2.76E-06	7.28E-08	2.84E-06
	TOTAL	kg CO ₂ eq.	-3.03E-03	1.77E-04	-2.85E-03	2.62E-07	-2.85E-03
Acidification potential (AP)		kg mol H ⁺ eq.	1.12E-11	3.74E-12	1.50E-11	1.19E-09	1.20E-09
Eutrophication potential (EP)	Aquatic freshwater	kg P eq.	2.46E-06	3.76E-07	2.84E-06	5.90E-08	2.90E-06
	Aquatic marine	kg N eq.	4.55E-08	1.40E-09	4.69E-08	6.17E-07	6.64E-07
	Aquatic terrestrial	mol N eq.	7.37E-07	9.25E-08	8.29E-07	3.87E-07	1.22E-06
Photochemical oxidant creation potential (POCP)		kg NMVOC eq.	8.33E-06	9.64E-07	9.29E-06	2.68E-12	9.29E-06
Ozone layer depletion (ODP)		kg CFC 11 eq.	3.62E-06	5.84E-07	4.21E-06	5.37E-10	4.21E-06
Abiotic depletion potential (ADP)	Metals and minerals	kg Sb eq.	2.38E-09	5.62E-10	2.94E-09	1.73E-03	1.73E-03
	Fossil resources	MJ, net calorific value	7.32E-03	2.44E-03	9.76E-03	7.27E-06	9.77E-03
Water deprivation potential (WDP)		m ³ world eq.	2.19E-04	1.02E-05	2.30E-04	1.79E-03	2.02E-03

• Use of Resources

Parameter		UNIT	Upstream	Core	Total	Down-stream	TOTAL
						End of Life	
Primary energy resources – Renewable	Use as energy carrier	MJ, net calorific value	4.21E-02	3.84E-05	4.22E-02	3.77E-05	4.22E-02
	Used as raw materials	MJ, net calorific value	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	MJ, net calorific value	4.21E-02	3.84E-05	4.22E-02	3.77E-05	4.22E-02
Primary energy resources – Non-renewable	Use as energy carrier	MJ, net calorific value	7.85E-03	2.60E-03	1.05E-02	1.84E-03	1.23E-02
	Used as raw materials	MJ, net calorific value	0	0	0	0	0
	TOTAL	MJ, net calorific value	7.85E-03	2.60E-03	1.05E-02	1.84E-03	1.23E-02
Secondary material		kg	0	0	0	0	0
Renewable secondary fuels		MJ, net calorific value	0	0	0	0	0
Non-renewable secondary fuels		MJ, net calorific value	0	0	0	0	0
Net use of fresh water		m³	3.10E-05	2.20E-06	3.32E-05	1.83E-06	3.50E-05

• Waste Production

Parameter	UNIT	Up-stream	Core	Downstream
				End of Life
Hazardous waste disposed	kg	0	0	0
Non-hazardous waste disposed	kg	0	0	0
Radioactive waste disposed	kg	0	0	0

• Output Flows

Parameter	UNIT	Up-stream	Core	Downstream
				End of Life
Components for reuse	kg	0	0	0
Material for recycling	kg	0	0	2.22E-03
Materials for energy recovery	kg	0	0	0
Exported energy, electricity	MJ	0	0	0
Exported energy, thermal	MJ	0	0	0

• Additional Information

By-product has been generated by the production process.

During manufacturing, calcium carbonate, deka purge and salt are produced as by-product. Therefore, calcium carbonate, deka purge and salt have been excluded from system boundaries, and mass allocation is proceeded. Manufacturing data, raw materials and energy consumption are allocated for two main products (Natural Soda Ash and sodium bicarbonate) and three by-product (calcium carbonate, deka purge and salt), by using mass allocation.

It is not possible to exact divide the unit process into two or more sub-processes and collecting the environmental data related to Natural Soda Ash and sodium bicarbonate separately. That means mass allocation obtained for Natural Soda Ash and sodium bicarbonate. Kazan Soda cannot monitor and record raw material and energy consumptions for products and by products separately.

• References

- ISO 14040: 2006 Environmental management -- Life cycle assessment -- Principles and framework
- ISO 14044: 2006 Environmental management -- Life cycle assessment -- Requirements and guidelines
- ISO 14025: 2006 Environmental labels and declarations -- Type III environmental declarations -- Principles and procedures
- The International EPD® System / www.environdec.com
- The International EPD® System / The General Programme Instructions / <http://www.environdec.com/tr/The-International-EPD-System/General-Programme-Instructions/>
- The International EPD® System / PCR Basic chemicals v1.1.1 <https://api.environdec.com/api/v1/EPDLibrary/Files/e07abf16-6efc-4abd-a2d8-08db196e9a1c/Data>
- Ecoinvent 3.9.1 / <http://www.ecoinvent.org/>
- SimaPro LCA Software / <https://simapro.com/>
- Kazan Soda / <http://www.kazansoda.com>

• Contact Information

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Owner of Declaration

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